

NYS FLAG FOOTBALL RULES

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NATIONAL
YOUTH SPORTS
★ ★ NEVADA ★ ★
ELITE

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Rules

I. Game

- At the start of each game, captains from both teams meet at midfield for the coin toss to determine who starts with the ball. The Visiting team calls the toss.
- The winner of the coin toss has the choice of offense or defense. The loser of the coin toss has the choice of direction. Possession changes to start the second half to the team that started the game on defense.
- The offensive team takes possession of the ball at its 5-yard line and has three (3) plays to cross midfield. Once a team crosses midfield, it has three (3) plays to score a touchdown.
- If the offense fails to score, the ball changes possession and the new offensive team starts its drive on its own 5-yard line.
- If the offensive team fails to cross midfield, possession of the ball changes and the opposition starts its drive from its own 5-yard line.
- All possession changes, except interceptions, start on the offense's 5-yard line.
- Teams change sides after the first half. Possession changes to the team that started the game on defense.

II. Terminology

Boundary Lines	The outer perimeter lines around the field. They include the sidelines and back of the end zone lines.
Line of Scrimmage	(LOS) as imaginary line running through the point of the football and across the width of the field.
Line-to-Gain	The line the offense must pass to get a first down.
Rush Line	An imaginary line running across the width of the field seven (7) yards (into the defensive side) from the line of scrimmage.
Offense	The team with possession of the ball.
Defense	The team opposing the offense to prevent it from advancing the ball.
Passer	The offensive player that throws the ball and may or may not be the quarterback.
Rusher	The defensive player assigned to rush the quarterback to prevent him/her from passing the ball by pulling his/her flags or by blocking the pass.
Downs (1-2-3)	The offensive team has three (3) attempts or 'downs' to advance the ball. It must cross the line-to-gain to get another set of downs or to score.
Live Ball	Refers to the period of time that the play is in action. Generally used in regard to penalties. Live ball penalties are considered part of the play and must be enforced before the down is considered complete.
Dead Ball	Refers to the period of time immediately before or after a play.

Whistle	Sound made by an official using a whistle that signifies the end of the play or a stop in the action for a timeout, halftime, or the end of the game.
Inadvertent Whistle	Officials whistle that is performed in error.
Charging	An illegal movement of the ball carrier directly at a defensive player who has established position on the field. This includes lowering the head or initiating contact with a shoulder, forearm, or the chest.
Flag Guarding	An illegal act by the ball carrier to prevent a defender from pulling the ball carrier's flags by still arm, lowering the elbow or head, or by blocking access to the runner's flags with a hand or arm.
Shovel Pass	A legal pitch attempted beyond the line of scrimmage.
Lateral	A backward or sideways toss of the ball by the ball carrier.
Unsportsmanlike Conduct	A rude, confrontational, or offensive behavior or language.

III. League Play

1. Age brackets will be as follows: (Age is age as of Aug 1st)
 - 6U Recreational
 - 8U Recreational and Competitive
 - 10U Recreational and Competitive
 - 12U Competitive
 - 14 U Competitive
2. Teams participate in league play for seeding purposes. All teams advance to play in single-elimination tournament at the end of the season.
3. Family members, parents, and spectators are required to observe the contest from designated areas.
4. Inappropriate, rude, or confrontational behavior by a coach, player or spectator may lead to disqualification from the area at the sole discretion of the League Officials.
5. Teams will play a minimum of eight (8) games in league play.
6. Teams participate in league play for seeding purposes. All teams advance to play in single-elimination tournament at the end of the season.
7. Divisional Tie Breakers for Tournament Seeding
 - Two teams tied for one place:
 - a. Head to head score,
 - b. Total points allowed during league play,
 - c. Point differential (total points scored – total point allowed),
 - d. Coin toss
 - Three or more teams tied for one place
 - a. Head to head score,
 - b. Total points allowed during league play,
 - c. Point differential (total points scored – total points allowed),
 - d. Total points scored,

e. Draw for seed (1-2-3-4 etc)

IV. Equipment

- The league provides each player with an official flag belt and NFL FLAG team jersey.
- Teams will use footballs provided by the league.

Ball size:

- 6U – Mini Ball
- 8U – NFL Blue (Peewee)
- 10U – NFL Blue (Peewee)
- 12U – NFL Brown (Junior)
- 14U – NFL Brown (Junior)

Exception: If both coaches agree to use the same ball for the entire game. Game ball must be size equivalent for that age division.

- Players must wear shoes. Cleats with exposed metal are never allowed and must be removed.
- Players may tape their forearms, hands, and fingers. Players may wear gloves, elbow pads, and kneepads. Braces with exposed metal are not allowed.
- Players must remove all jewelry, and hats. Winter beanies are allowed. No headgear may have a hard brim.
- *Players' jerseys must be tucked into shorts or pants if they hang below the belt line **and** impede the flags from being pulled.
- Players must wear shorts or pants that do not have pockets. Shorts or pants are not allowed to be taped or reversed (if the pockets hang out).
- Players are not allowed to wear anything on their flag belts. This includes: wrist bands, play cards, and towels.
- Players must wear a mouth guard when playing. The mouth guard must be in the players mouth at the snap of the ball. Any player found to be playing without their mouth guard in their mouth during play may be assessed an illegal equipment penalty. This is a Player safety issue and will result in play being whistled dead and the penalty being assessed. Any player deliberately removing their mouth guard will be assessed an Unsportsmanlike penalty and may be ejected from the game.

V. Field

- The field dimensions are 30 yards by 70 yards with two (2) 10-yard end zones, and a midfield line-to-gain. No-run zones proceed each line-to-gain by 5 yards.
- No-run zones are in place to prevent teams from conducting power run plays. While in the no-run zones (a 5-yard imaginary zone before

midfield and before the end zone), teams cannot run the ball in any fashion. All plays must be pass plays, even with a handoff.

- Stepping on the boundary line is considered out of bounds.
- Each offensive team approaches only TWO (2) no-run zones in each drive (one zone 5 yards from midfield to gain the first down, and one zone 5 yards from the goal line to score a TD).

VI. Rosters

- League officials will check ID cards for every team before each game.
- Every player must obtain a league issued ID card.
- Any player not on the official roster will be ineligible to play for that day.
- No players will be added to the rosters after week four (4) of the season.
- Home teams wear dark color jerseys. Visiting teams wear light color jerseys.
- Teams must consist of at least five (5) players.
- Teams must start games with a minimum of five (5) players. In the event of an injury, a team with insufficient substitute players may play with four (4) players on the field but no fewer than four (4).

VII. Timing and Overtime

- Games are played on a 40-minute continuous clock with two (2) 20-minute halves unless one team gains a 28-point advantage, which will then end the game. The clock stops only for timeouts or injuries.
- Halftime is one (1) minute.
- Each time the ball is spotted, a team has 30 seconds to snap the ball once the Referee has blown the Ready Whistle.
- Each team has one (2) 30-second timeouts per half.
- Officials can stop the clock at their discretion.
- In the event of an injury, the clock will stop then restart when the injured player is removed from the field of play.
- If the score is tied at the end of 40 minutes, an overtime period will be used to determine a winner. **Overtime format** is as follows:
 - a. A coin flip (alternating decision) will determine the team that chooses to be on offense or defense first.
 - i. If a second round of overtime must be played, the team that lost the coin toss will get to choose offense or defense for the start of the second round of overtime. This process continues with team alternating who gets to choose to be on offense or defense to start out during every round of overtime.
 - ii. The Referee will determine which end of the field the overtime will take place on.
 - b. Each team will take turns getting one (1) play from the defense's 5-yard line for one (1) point or the defense's 10-yard line for two (2) points. Whether to go for one (1) or two (2) points is up to the offensive team. Whether or not the

team that begins on offense converts, the team that started on defense gets a chance on offense to win or tie by converting a one- or two-point play of their own.

- i. Example: Team A starts on offense and chooses to go for one (1) point from the 5-yard line and is successful. Team B is then on offense and can choose to either go for one (1) point from the 5-yard line to tie and force a second round of overtime or to go for two (2) points from the 10-yard line for the win.
 - ii. If the second team on offense in an overtime round fails to beat or match the team that went first, the team that went first wins.
- c. Both teams must “go for two (2)” from the 10-yard line starting with the third round of overtime.
 - d. There is a ten (10) overtime limit. If it is necessary, the winner of the coin toss for the 10th overtime period will choose either offense or defense. The play will be from the 10-yard line. If the offense scores, the offensive team wins the game; if the defense stops the try, the defensive team wins the game.
 - e. The overtime period cannot end in a defensive penalty. In the event of a defensive penalty during the overtime period, the ball will be spotted accordingly and the offensive team will have an additional try.
 - f. The final points earned by the winning team in the overtime period will be added onto the winning team’s total score. The losing team will not receive any additional points.
 - i. Example: End of regulation, score is 14-14. Team A scores one (1) point and Team B scores two (2) points. Team B wins with a final score of 16-14. Points are only added to the total score from the final round of overtime.
 - g. All regulation period rules and penalties are in effect.
 - h. There are **no** timeouts.

VIII. Scoring

- Touchdown: 6 points
- PAT (point after touchdown): **1 point** (5-yard line) or **2 points** (10-yard line)
 - a. Note: 1 point PAT is a pass only play; 2 point PAT can be a run or pass play.
 - b. A team that scores a touchdown must declare whether it wishes to attempt a 1-point conversion (from the 5-yard line) or a 2-point conversion (from the 10-yard line). Any change, once a decision is made to try for the extra point, requires a charged timeout. A decision cannot be changed after a penalty. Interceptions on conversions cannot be returned.

- Safety: 2 points
 - a. A safety occurs when the ball carrier is declared down in his/her end zone. Runners can be called down when their flags are pulled by a defensive player, a flag falls out, they step out of bounds, their knee or arm touches the ground, a fumble occurs on the end zone, or if a snapped ball lands in or beyond the end zone.
- After one team is winning by 28 points or more, the game is over. Once a 28 or more point advantage is gained, no PAT will be attempted. The game will continue a "scrimmage mode" for the remainder of the game (regular season only).
- Forfeits are scored 28-0 for the winning team.

IX. Coaches

- Coaches are expected to adhere to NFL Flag philosophies, coaching guidelines, and code of conduct.
- Coaches are allowed on the field to direct players according to need and division. Coaches must move to the sidelines before the snap of the ball.
 - a. 12U and up: no coaches on the field.
 - b. 10U and below: may have an offensive coach on the field; however, they must be 10 yards behind the line at the snap of the ball.
 - c. 8U and below: may also have a defensive coach on the field; however, they must get to the sideline PRIOR to the snap of the football.

X. Live Ball/Dead Ball

- The ball is live at the snap of the ball and remains live until an official whistles the ball dead.
- The official will indicate the neutral zone and the line of scrimmage.
 - a. It is an automatic dead ball foul if any player on defense or offense enters the neutral zone. In regard to the neutral zone, the official may give both teams a "courtesy" neutral zone notification to allow their players to move back behind the line of scrimmage.
 - b. Any team intentionally entering the neutral zone with the intent to disrupt the flow of the game will result in an unsportsmanlike penalty on the Head Coach (which could lead to ejection from the game).
- A player who gains possession in the air is considered inbounds as long as one (1) foot comes down in the field of play.
- The defense may not mimic the offensive team signals by trying to confuse the offensive players, while the quarterback is calling out signals to start the play. This will result in an unsportsmanlike conduct penalty.
- Substitutions may be made on any dead ball.
- Any official can whistle the play dead.

- Play is ruled dead when:
 - a. The ball hits the ground.
 - i. If the ball hits the ground as a result of a bad snap. The ball is then placed where the ball hit the ground.
 - b. The ball carrier's flag is pulled.
 - c. The ball carrier steps out of bounds.
 - d. A touchdown, PAT, or safety is scored.
 - e. The ball carrier's knee or arm hits the ground.
 - f. The ball carrier's flag falls out.
 - g. The receiver catches the ball while in possession of one (1) or no flag(s).
 - h. The 7-second pass clock expires.
 - i. Inadvertent whistle.

NOTE: There are no fumbles. The ball is spotted where the ball carrier's feet were at the time of the fumble.

- In the case of an inadvertent whistle, the offense has two (2) options:
 - a. Take the ball where it was when the whistle blew, and the down is consumed.
 - b. Replay the down from the original line of scrimmage.
- A team is allowed to use a timeout to question an official's rule interpretation. If the official's ruling is correct, the team will be charged a timeout. If the rule was interpreted incorrectly, the timeout will not be charged and the proper ruling will be enforced. Officials should all agree upon any controversial call in order to give each team the full benefit of each call.

XI. Running

- The ball is spotted where the runner's feet are when the flag is pulled, not where the ball carrier has the ball. Forward progress will be measured by the player's grounded front most foot.
- The quarterback cannot directly run the ball. The quarterback is the offensive player who receives the snap from the center.
- Only direct handoffs behind the line of scrimmage are permitted. Handoffs may be in front, behind, or to the side of the offensive player but must be behind the line of scrimmage. The offense may use multiple handoffs.
 - a. **The "Center Sneak" play is no longer allowed. The QB is not allowed to handoff to the center on the first handoff of the play.**
- Absolutely NO laterals of any kind.
- No-run Zones located 5 yards before each end zone and 5 yards on either side of midfield are designed to avoid short-yardage power-running situations. Teams are not allowed to run in these zones if the subsequent line is LIVE. (Reminder: Each offensive team approaches only TWO (2) no-run zones in each drive – one (1) 5 yards from midfield to gain the first down and one (1) 5 yards from the goal line to score a TD).

- Any player who receives a handoff can throw the ball from behind the line of scrimmage.
- Once the ball has been handed off in front, behind, or to the side of the quarterback, all defensive players are eligible to rush.
- Runners may not leave their feet to advance the ball. Diving, leaping, or jumping to avoid a flag pull is considered flag guarding.
- Spinning is allowed, but players cannot leave their feet to avoid a flag pull.
 - a. Players spinning out of control will be called for flag guarding.
- Runners may leave their feet if there is a clear indication that he/she has done so to avoid collision with another player without a flag guarding penalty enforced.
- No blocking or “screening” is allowed at any time.
- Offensive players without the ball must stop their motion once the ball has crossed the line of scrimmage. No running with the ball carrier.
- *Flag obstruction – All jerseys MUST not obscure the flags before play begins. The flags must be on the player’s hips and free from obstruction. Deliberately obstructed flags will be considered flag guarding.

XII. Passing

- All passes must be from behind the line of scrimmage, thrown forward and received beyond the line of scrimmage.
 - a. All passes that do not cross the line of scrimmage, whether received or not, are illegal forward passes.
 - b. The quarterback may throw the ball away to avoid a sack; however, the pass must go beyond the line of scrimmage.
- Shovel passes are allowed but must be received beyond the line of scrimmage.
- The quarterback has a seven (7)-second “pass clock”. If a pass is not thrown within the seven (7) seconds, the play is dead, the down is consumed, and the ball is returned to the line of scrimmage. Once the ball is handed off, the 7-second rule is no longer in effect.
 - a. If the QB is standing in the end zone at the end of the 7-second clock, the ball is returned to the previous line of scrimmage (LOS).

XIII. Receiving

- All players are eligible to receive passes (including the quarterback if the ball has been handed off behind the line of scrimmage).
- Only one (1) player is allowed in motion at the snap of the ball. All motion must be parallel to the line of scrimmage and no motion is permitted toward the line of scrimmage.
- A player must have at least one (1) foot inbounds when making a reception.

- In the case of simultaneous possession by both an offensive and defensive player, possession is awarded to the offense.
- Interceptions change possession of the ball at the point of interception. Interceptions are the only changes of possession that do not start on the 5-yard line.
- Interceptions are returnable but not on conversions after touchdowns.

XIV. Rushing the Passer

- All players who rush the passer must be a minimum of seven (7) yards from the line of scrimmage when the ball is snapped. Any number of players can rush the quarterback. Players not rushing the quarterback can defend the line of scrimmage.
- Once the ball is handed off, the seven (7) -yard rule is no longer in effect and all defenders may go behind the line of scrimmage.
- A special marker, or the Referee, will designate a rush line seven (7) yards from the line of scrimmage. Defensive players should verify they are in the correct position with the official on every play.
 - a. A legal rush is:
 - i. Any rush from a point seven (7) yards from the line of scrimmage.
 - ii. A rush from anywhere on the field, AFTER the ball has been handed off by the quarterback.
 - iii. If a rusher leaves the rush line early (breaks the seven (7) yard area), they may return to the rush line, reset and then legally rush the quarterback.
 - iv. If a rusher leaves the rush line early and the ball is handed off before he/she crosses the line of scrimmage, he/she may legally rush the quarterback.
 - b. A penalty may be called if:
 - i. The rusher leaves the rush line before the snap and crosses the line of scrimmage before a handoff or pass – Illegal Rush (5 yards from the line of scrimmage and 1st down).
 - ii. Any defensive player crosses the line of scrimmage before the ball is snapped – Offsides (5 yards from the line of scrimmage and 1st down).
 - iii. Any defensive player not lined up at the rush line and crosses the line of scrimmage before a handoff or pass – Illegal Rush (5 yards from the line of scrimmage and 1st down).
 - c. Special circumstances:
 - i. Teams are not required to rush the quarterback with the seven (7) second clock in effect.
 - ii. Teams are not required to identify their rusher before the play.

- Players rushing the quarterback may attempt to block a pass; however, NO contact can be made with the quarterback in any way. Blocking the pass or attempting to block the pass and then making contact with passer will result in a roughing the passer penalty.
- Players rushing the quarterback may NOT leave their feet (jump) or yell at the offensive players. Doing so will result in an illegal rush penalty.
- The offense cannot impede the rusher in any way. The rusher has the right to a clear path to the quarterback, regardless of where they line up prior to the snap. If the “path or line” is occupied by a **moving** offensive player, then it is the offense’s responsibility to avoid the rusher. Any disruption to the rusher’s path and/or contact will result in an impeding the rusher penalty. **If the offensive player does not move after the snap, then it is the rusher’s responsibility to go around the offensive player and to avoid contact.**
- A sack occurs if the quarterback’s flags are pulled behind the line of scrimmage. The ball is placed where the quarterback’s feet are when their flag is pulled.
 - a. A safety is awarded if the sack takes place in the offensive team’s end zone.

XV. Flag Pulling

- A legal flag pull takes place when the ball carrier is in full possession of the ball.
- Defenders can dive to pull flags but cannot tackle, hold, or run through the ball carrier when pulling flags.
- It is illegal to attempt to strip or pull the ball from the ball carrier’s possession at any time.
- If a player’s flag inadvertently falls off during the play, the player is down where the flag came off and the play ends. The ball is placed where the flag lands.
- A defensive player may not intentionally pull the flags off of a player who is not in possession of the ball.
- Flag guarding is an attempt by the ball carrier to obstruct the defender’s access to the flags by stiff arming, dropping the head, hand, arm or shoulder, or intentionally covering the flags with the football jersey.

XVI. Formations

- Offenses must have a minimum of one (1) player on the line of scrimmage (the center) and up to four (4) players on the line of scrimmage. The quarterback must be off the line of scrimmage.
 - a. At the snap, one player may be in motion behind and parallel to the line of scrimmage.
 - b. No motion is allowed toward the line of scrimmage.
- Movement by a player who is set or a player who runs toward the line of scrimmage while in motion is considered a false start.

- The center must snap the ball with a rapid and continuous motion between his/her legs to a player in the backfield, and the ball must completely leave his/her hands.

XVII. Unsportsmanlike Conduct

- If the field monitor or game official witnesses any acts of intentional tackling, elbowing, cheap shots, blocking, or any unsportsmanlike act, the game will be stopped and the player will be ejected from the game. The decision is made at the Referee's discretion. No appeals will be considered. **FOUL PLAY WILL NOT BE TOLERATED!**
- Offensive or confrontational language is not allowed. Officials have the right to determine offensive language. If offensive or confrontational language occurs, the Referee will give one (1) warning. If it continues, the player or players will be ejected from the game.
- Players may not physically or verbally abuse any opponent, coach, or official.
- Ball carriers **MUST** make an effort to avoid defenders with an established position.
- Defenders are not allowed to run through the ball carrier when pulling flags.
- Fans must also adhere to good sportsmanship as well:
 - a. Yell to cheer on your players, not to harass officials or other teams.
 - b. Keep comments clean and profane free.
 - c. Compliment ALL players, not just one child or team.
- Fans are required to keep fields safe and kid friendly:
 - a. Keep younger kids and equipment such as coolers, chairs, and tents a minimum of 10 yards off the field in the end zone area.
 - b. Stay in the end zone area, not between the fields.
 - c. Dispose of ALL trash in designated trash cans.
- Unsportsmanlike conduct penalties:
 - a. Defense + 10 yards from line of scrimmage and automatic first down.
 - b. Offense - 10 yards from line of scrimmage and loss of down.

XVIII. Penalties

i. General

1. The Referee will call all penalties.
2. Referees determine incidental contact that may result from normal run of play.
3. All penalties will be assessed from the line of scrimmage, except as noted (Spot Fouls).
4. Only the team captain or head coach may ask the Referee questions about rule clarification and interpretations. Players may not question calls.

5. Games may not end on a defensive penalty unless the offense declines it.
6. Penalties are assessed live ball then dead ball. Live ball penalties must be assessed before play is considered complete.
7. Penalties will be assessed half the distance to the goal line when the penalty yardage is more than half the distance to the goal.
8. If an Illegal Flag Pull, Holding, Stripping, or Defensive Unnecessary Roughness penalty is called on the last defender, a touchdown is awarded.

ii. Defensive spot fouls

Defensive pass interference	Automatic 1 st down at the spot
Holding	Automatic 1 st down at the spot
Stripping	+5 yards / Automatic 1 st down

iii. Offensive spot fouls

Screening, blocking, or running with the ball carrier	-5 yards / Loss of down
Charging	-10 yards / Loss of down
Flag Guarding	-10 yards / Loss of down

iv. Defensive penalties (from LOS)

Defensive unnecessary roughness	+10 yards / Automatic 1 st down
Defensive unsportsmanlike conduct	+10 yards / Automatic 1 st down
Roughing the passer	+10 yards / Automatic 1 st down
Offsides	+5 yards / Automatic 1 st down
Illegal Rush <small>(Starting rush from inside the 7-yard marker)</small>	+5 yards / Automatic 1 st down
Illegal Flag Pull <small>(Before the receiver has the ball)</small>	+5 yards / Automatic 1 st down
Taunting	+5 yards / Automatic 1 st down
Illegal Equipment	+5 yards / Automatic 1 st down

v. Offensive penalties (from LOS)

Offensive unnecessary roughness	-10 yards / Loss of down
Offensive unsportsmanlike conduct	-10 yards / Loss of down
Offsides / False Start	-5 yards / Loss of down
Illegal Forward Pass <small>(Any pass received or landing behind the LOS or throwing a pass after crossing the LOS)</small>	-5 yards / Loss of down
Offensive Pass Interference	-5 yards / Loss of down
Illegal Motion <small>(More than 1 person moving at the snap)</small>	-5 yards / Loss of down
Delay of Game	-5 yards / Loss of down
Impeding the Rusher	-5 yards / Loss of down
Illegal Equipment	-5 yards / Loss of down